

The Portuguese Empire In Asia 1500 1700 A Political And Economic History

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[The Origins of the British Empire in Asia, 1600–1750](#) David Veevers 2020-06-30 This is an important, revisionist account of the origins of the British Empire in Asia in the early modern period. David Veevers uncovers a hidden world of transcultural interactions between servants of the English East India Company and the Asian communities and states they came into contact with, revealing how it was this integration of Europeans into non-European economies, states and societies which was central to British imperial and commercial success rather than national or mercantilist enterprise. As their servants skilfully adapted to this rich and complex environment, the East India Company became enfranchised by the eighteenth century with a breadth of privileges and rights – from governing sprawling metropolises to trading customs-free. In emphasising the Asian genesis of the British Empire, this book sheds new light on the foreign frameworks of power which fuelled the expansion of Global Britain in the early modern world.

[Ships, Oceans, and Empire](#) Geoffrey Vaughn Scammell 1995 English merchant shipping at the end of the Middle Ages - some East Coast evidence; manning the English merchant service in the 16th century; shipowning in the economy and politics of early modern England; European seamanship in the great age of discovery; the English in the Atlantic Islands, c 1450-1650; the sinews of war - manning and provisioning English fighting ships, c 1550-1650; European shipowning in the Estado da India, 1500-1700; European exiles, renegades and outlaws and the maritime economy of Asia, c 1500-1750; the new worlds and Europe in the 16th century; (Richard) Hakluyt and the economic thought of his time; indigenous assistance in the establishment of Portuguese power in Asia in the 16th century; the pillars of empire - indigenous assistance and the survival of the Estado da India, c 1600-1700; essay and reflection - on the discovery of the Americas and the spread of intolerance, absolutism and racism in early modern Europe; the Columbian legacy.

[\(Dis\)connected Empires](#) Zoltán Biedermann 2018-10-25 (Dis)connected Empires takes the reader on a global journey to explore the triangle formed during the sixteenth century between the Portuguese empire, the empire of Kotte in Sri Lanka, and the Catholic Monarchy of the Spanish Habsburgs. It explores nine decades of connections, cross-cultural diplomacy, and dialogue, to answer one troubling question: why, in the end, did one side decide to conquer the other? To find the answer, Biedermann explores the imperial ideas that shaped the politics of Renaissance Iberia and sixteenth-century Sri Lanka. (Dis)connected Empires argues that, whilst some of these ideas and the political idioms built around them were perceived as commensurate by the various parties involved, differences also emerged early on. This prepared the ground for a new kind of conquest politics, which changed the inter-imperial game at the end of the sixteenth century. The transition from suzerainty-driven to sovereignty-fixated empire-building changed the face of Lankan and Iberian politics forever, and is of relevance to global historians at large. Through its scrutiny of diplomacy, political letter-writing, translation practices, warfare, cartography, and art, (Dis)connected Empires paints a troubling panorama of connections breeding divergence and leading to communicational collapse. It examines a key chapter in the pre-history of British imperialism in Asia, highlighting how diplomacy and mutual understandings can, under certain conditions, produce conquest.

[Media and the Portuguese Empire](#) José Luís Garcia 2017-12-08 This volume offers a new understanding of the role of the media in the Portuguese Empire, shedding light on the interactions between communications, policy, economics, society, culture, and national identities. Based on an interdisciplinary approach, this book comprises studies in journalism, communication, history, literature, sociology, and anthropology, focusing on such diverse subjects as the expansion of the printing press, the development of newspapers and radio, state propaganda in the metropolitan Portugal and the colonies, censorship, and the uses of media by opposition groups. It encourages an understanding of the articulations and tensions between the different groups that participated, willingly or not, in the establishment, maintenance and overthrow of the Portuguese Empire in Angola, Mozambique, São Tomé e Príncipe, Cape Verde, Guinea-Bissau, India, and East Timor.

[Gods schaduw](#) Alan Mikhail 2020-09-22 De invloed van het Ottomaanse rijk op de wereldgeschiedenis is lange tijd onderbelicht gebleven. Anders dan in West-Europa werd aangenomen, was het een brandpunt van intellectuele activiteit, geopolitieke macht en verlicht pluralistisch bestuur. Leider van de vooruitgang was de almachtige sultan Selim I (1470-1520). Geholpen door zijn begaafde moeder, Gülbahar, breidde hij het rijk enorm uit. In Gods schaduw maakt Mikhail het Ottomaanse rijk van Selim I en de islam tot de spil van de globale geschiedenis. Hij herdefinieert gebeurtenissen als de reizen van Columbus, de protestantse reformatie, de trans-Atlantische slavenhandel en de verovering door de Ottomanen van het Midden-Oosten en Noord-Afrika. Op basis van niet eerder onderzochte bronnen brengt Mikhail sultan Selim I en zijn tijd met veel oog voor detail tot leven. Een baanbrekend boek dat onze westerse blik drastisch bijstelt.

[Science in the Spanish and Portuguese Empires, 1500–1800](#) Daniela Bleichmar 2008-12-18 This collection of essays is the first book published in English to provide a thorough survey of the practices of science in the Spanish and Portuguese empires from 1500 to 1800. Authored by an interdisciplinary team of specialists from the United States, Latin America, and Europe, the book consists of fifteen original essays, as well as an introduction and an afterword by renowned scholars in the field. The topics discussed include navigation, exploration, cartography, natural sciences, technology, and medicine. This volume is aimed at both specialists and non-specialists, and is designed to be useful for teaching. It will be a major resource for anyone interested in colonial Latin America.

[Trade, Politics and Society](#) Sushil Chaudhury 2016-09-13 The essays in the volume deal with a broad range factors integral to Indian history in the early modern era. They unfold many facets of the trade, politics and society of the country and offer new perspectives which will help dispel some long held misconceptions. The first part of the book is concerned mainly with trade and commerce in Bengal while subsequent chapters provide an extensive survey of maritime trade in the Indian Ocean and the unique contribution of Armenian communities in Dhaka's commercial and social life of the eighteenth century.

[A History of Portugal and the Portuguese Empire: Volume 1, Portugal](#) A. R. Disney 2009-04-13 The Kingdom of Portugal was created as a by-product of the Christian Reconquest of Hispania. With no geographical raison d'être and no obvious political roots in its Roman, Germanic, or Islamic pasts, it for long remained a small, struggling realm on Europe's outer fringe. Then, in the early fifteenth century, this unlikely springboard for Western expansion suddenly began to accumulate an empire of its own, eventually extending more than halfway around the globe. A History of Portugal and the Portuguese Empire, drawing particularly on historical scholarship postdating the 1974 Portuguese Revolution, offers readers a comprehensive overview and reinterpretation of how all this happened – the first such account to appear in English for more than a generation. Volume I concerns the history of Portugal itself from pre-Roman times to the climactic French invasion of 1807, and Volume II traces the history of the Portuguese overseas empire.

[A World of Water](#) P. Boomgaard 2007-01-01 Water, in its many guises, has always played a powerful role in shaping Southeast Asian histories, cultures, societies and economies. This volume, the rewritten results of an international workshop, with participants from eight countries, contains thirteen essays, representing a broad range of approaches to the study of Southeast Asia with water as the central theme.

[Empires and Colonies](#) Jonathan Hart 2014-02-06 Empires and Colonies provides a thoroughgoing and lively exploration of the expansion of the seaborne empires of western Europe from the fifteenth century and how that

process of expansion affected the world, including its successor, the United States. Whilst providing special attention to Europe, the book is careful to highlight the ambivalence and contradiction of that expansion. The book also illuminates connections between empires and colonies as a theme in history, concentrating on culture while also discussing the rich social, economic and political dimensions of the story. Furthermore, *Empires and Colonies* recognizes that whilst a study of the expansion of Europe is an important part of world history, it is not a history of the world per se. The focus on culture is used to assert that areas and peoples that lack great economic power at any given time also deserve attention. These alternative voices of slaves, indigenous peoples and critics of empire and colonization are an important and compelling element of the book. *Empires and Colonies* will be essential reading not only for students of imperial history, but also for anyone interested in the makings of our modern world.

The Cambridge World History: Volume 6, The Construction of a Global World, 1400-1800 CE, Part 2, Patterns of Change Jerry H. Bentley 2017-11-09 The era from 1400 to 1800 saw intense biological, commercial, and cultural exchanges, and the creation of global connections on an unprecedented scale. Divided into two books, Volume 6 of the Cambridge World History series considers these critical transformations. The first book examines the material and political foundations of the era, including global considerations of the environment, disease, technology, and cities, along with regional studies of empires in the eastern and western hemispheres, crossroads areas such as the Indian Ocean, Central Asia, and the Caribbean, and sites of competition and conflict, including Southeast Asia, Africa, and the Mediterranean. The second book focuses on patterns of change, examining the expansion of Christianity and Islam, migrations, warfare, and other topics on a global scale, and offering insightful detailed analyses of the Columbian exchange, slavery, silver, trade, entrepreneurs, Asian religions, legal encounters, plantation economies, early industrialism, and the writing of history.

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Itinerario, voyage, ofte Schipvaert van Jan Huygen van Linschoten naer Oost ofte Portugaels Indien, 1579-1592 Jan Huygen van Linschoten 1910

De Koude Oorlog Odd Arne Westad 2017-10-10 'Westads schrijfstijl is helder, gevat en vurig. Deze keer is zijn speelveld breed genoeg om zijn kennis en menselijkheid volledig recht te doen.' Marilyn B. Young, New York University *De Koude Oorlog* was het lijnrecht tegenover elkaar staan van het kapitalisme en het socialisme. Een confrontatie die het heftigst was tussen 1945 en 1989, maar de oorsprong van het conflict gaat veel verder terug en de gevolgen zijn nog steeds voelbaar. *De Koude Oorlog* zorgde ervoor dat de wereld werd gedomineerd door twee supermachten die als uitgangspunt hadden dat alleen het eigen systeem goed was en dat van de ander per definitie heel erg slecht. Dit leidde tot een wapenwedloop waardoor we nu genoeg atoomwapens hebben om onze aarde meerdere keren volledig te vernietigen. Net als de Amerikanen geloofden de sovjetleiders dat de 'oude' maatschappijen, gebaseerd op lokale identiteit, standsverschil en een sterke band met het verleden, volkomen achterhaald waren. *De Koude Oorlog* ging dan ook over de maatschappij van de toekomst. De keuze was beperkt: die van de Sovjet-Unie, waar de staatsmachine aan de verbetering van de mensheid werkte, of die van de Amerikanen met een gedecentraliseerde staatsmacht en boven alles individuele vrijheid. Tegen deze achtergrond werd het gevecht gevoerd, met als gevolg conflict na conflict en genadeloze leiders. Odd Arne Westad is hoogleraar VS-Azië Relaties aan Harvard University en geeft les op de Kennedy School of Government. Van zijn hand verschenen *The Global Cold War* (2005), dat de Bancroft Prize heeft gewonnen, en *Decisive Encounters* (2003), het standaardwerk over de Chinese burgeroorlog. Ook werkte hij mee aan de driedelige *Cambridge History of the Cold War* (2010). Recenter verscheen *Restless Empire: China and the World since 1750* (2012).

Colonialism in Global Perspective Kris Manjappa 2020-04-30 Kris Manjappa weaves together the study of colonialism over the past 500 years, across the globe's continents and seas. This captivating work vividly evokes living human histories, introducing the reader to interlocking pasts and ongoing legacies of colonialism through the study of: war, conquest, militarization, extractive economies, migration and diaspora, racialization, biopolitical management, and unruly and creative responses and resistances. He describes some of the most salient political, social, and cultural constellations of our present across the Americas, Africa, Asia, and Europe. By exploring the dissimilar, yet entwined, histories of settler colonialism, racial slavery, and empire across Asia, Manjappa exposes the enduring role of colonial force and freedom struggle in the making of our modern world.

Empires of Love Carmen Nocentelli 2013-01-09 Through literary and historical documents from the early sixteenth to late seventeenth centuries—epic poetry, private correspondence, secular dramas, and colonial legislation—Carmen Nocentelli charts the Western fascination with the eros of "India," as the vast coastal stretch from the Gulf of Aden to the South China Sea was often called. If Asia was thought of as a place of sexual deviance and perversion, she demonstrates, it was also a space where colonial authorities actively encouraged the formation of interracial households, even through the forcible conscription of native brides. In her comparative analysis of Dutch, English, French, Italian, Portuguese, and Spanish texts, Nocentelli shows how sexual behaviors and erotic desires quickly came to define the limits within which Europeans represented not only Asia but also themselves. Drawing on a wide range of European sources on polygamy, practices of male genital modification, and the allegedly excessive libido of native women, *Empires of Love* emphasizes the overlapping and mutually transformative construction of race and sexuality during Europe's early overseas expansion, arguing that the encounter with Asia contributed to the development of Western racial discourse while also shaping European ideals of marriage, erotic reciprocity, and monogamous affection.

Renascent Empire? Glenn Joseph Ames 2000 Dit boek is gebaseerd op uitgebreid onderzoek in archieven in Portugal, India, Engeland en Frankrijk en is de eerste monografische studie van een cruciale, maar totnogtoe weinig bestudeerde periode in de geschiedenis van Portugals Aziatische rijk: de jaren 1640-1683. Ames' revisionistische werk laat zien dat in tegenstelling tot het traditionele beeld van onvermijdelijk verval en stagnatie in het Estado da India na 1640, deze jaren een vernieuwende en dynamische hervorming laten zien die de geo-politieke en economische stabilisatie van Portugees Azië rond 1683 tot gevolg hadden. Glenn Ames gaat in op de details van deze fundamentele verandering in het koloniale beleid jegens Azië zoals dat werd geïnitieerd door prins Regent Pedro van Braganza (1668-1702) en later zeer effectief in praktijk werd gebracht door Viceroy Luis de Medonça Furtado e Albuquerque.

Pacific Worlds Matt K. Matsuda 2012-01-19 Essential single-volume history of the Pacific region and the global interactions which define it.

Portuguese Enterprise in the East Teddy Y.H. SIM 2011-08-25 Drawing on unpublished materials from the Overseas Historical Archive, and other libraries in Portugal, this book considers Portuguese leadership and organization at home, where it pertained to the governance of the eastern colonies; as well as the formal and 'soft' instruments of state applied on the ground in these colonies in first half of the eighteenth century.

The First World Empire Hélder Carvalho 2021-04-05 This book offers a comprehensive overview of the early modern military history of Portugal and its possessions in Africa, the Americas, and Asia from the perspective of the military revolution historiographical debate. The existence of a military revolution in the early modern period has been much debated in international historiography, and this volume fills a significant gap in its relation to the history of Portugal and its overseas empire. It examines different forms of military change in specifically Portuguese case studies but also adopts a global perspective through the analysis of different contexts and episodes in

Africa, the Americas, and Asia. Contributors explore whether there is evidence of what could be defined as aspects of a military revolution or whether other explanatory models are needed to account for different forms of military change. In this way, it offers the reader a variety of perspectives that contribute to the debate over the applicability of the military revolution concept to Portugal and its empire during the early modern period. Broken down into four thematic parts and broad in both chronological and geographical scope, the book deepens our understanding of the art of warfare in Portugal and its empire and demonstrates how the military revolution debate can be used to examine military change in a global perspective. This is an essential text for scholars and students of military history, military architecture, global history, Asian history, and the history of Iberian empires.

Koloniale oorlogen in Indonesië Piet Hagen 2018-05-10 De Indonesische archipel heeft meer dan 450 jaar strijd geleverd tegen buitenlandse handelscompagnieën en mogendheden. Bijna altijd was er wel ergens oorlog, vaak op meer plaatsen tegelijk. Dit boek geeft een gedetailleerd overzicht van de honderden militaire acties en expedities. Portugezen, Spanjaarden, Engelsen, Fransen, Japanners, en met name ook de Nederlanders, voerden hun koloniale oorlogen in de archipel vooral vanwege economisch gewin - volgens het devies van Jan Pieterszoon Coen: 'Geen handel zonder oorlog'. Hun legers vormden de ruggengraat van het koloniaal systeem, dat ook door tijdgenoten in Europa al bekritiseerd is. Door zijn brede aanpak en uitgebreide registers is het boek tevens een naslagwerk over de geschiedenis van Indonesië. Het laat zien hoe behalve vrijheidsdrang ook de islam een belangrijke rol speelde in het verzet tegen vreemde overheersers.

Iberians in the Singapore-Melaka Area and Adjacent Regions (16th to 18th Century) Peter Borschberg 2004 Papers presented at a colloquium, "The Iberian powers in the Straits of Malacca and Singapore, and in Southeast Asia," held in Singapore, May 13-14 2002, organized by the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences, National University of Singapore.

Seascapes Jerry H. Bentley 2007-01-01 Historians have begun to chart the experiences of maritime regions and penetrate the historical processes at work there. This book aims to contribute to these efforts by bringing together original scholarship on historical issues arising from maritime regions around the world.

The Portuguese Empire, 1415-1808 A. J. R. Russell-Wood 2020-10-06 Using the study of movement as a focus, Russell-Wood gains unique insight into the diversity, breadth, and balance between the competing interests and priorities that characterized the Portuguese culture and its expansion spanning four centuries' events on four different continents.

De geschiedenis van de VOC F. S. Gaastra 1982

Cooperation and Empire Tanja Bühner 2017-08-01 While the study of "indigenous intermediaries" is today the focus of some of the most interesting research in the historiography of colonialism, its roots extend back to at least the 1970s. The contributions to this volume revisit Ronald E. Robinson's theory of collaboration in a range of historical contexts by melding it with theoretical perspectives derived from postcolonial studies and transnational history. In case studies ranging globally over the course of four centuries, these essays offer nuanced explorations of the varied, complex interactions between imperial and local actors, with particular attention to those shifting and ambivalent roles that transcend simple binaries of colonizer and colonized.

The Cambridge World History Jerry H. Bentley 2015-04-09 Comprehensive account of the intense biological, commercial, and cultural exchanges, and the creation of global connections, between 1400 and 1800.

Portuguese Conquest and Commerce in Southern Asia, 1500-1750 Charles Ralph Boxer 1985

Een geschiedenis van Zuidoost-Azië Henk Schulte Nordholt 2017-01-05 Zuidoost-Azië is op het eerste gezicht een regio vol diversiteit. Elf grote en kleine natiestaten, een veelheid aan religies, talen en culturen, en belangrijke geografische en ecologische verschillen lijken dit te bevestigen. In deze eerste Nederlandstalige geschiedenis van dit gebied laat Henk Schulte Nordholt deze diversiteit tot haar recht komen, maar gaat hij ook op zoek naar wat de regio verbindt. Anders dan India en China kende Zuidoost-Azië geen rigide hiërarchie en grote imperiale rijken. In plaats daarvan kenmerkte de regio zich door kleinschaligheid en had de politiek ondanks de drang naar hiërarchie een egalitaire inslag. Er zijn bovendien opvallende culturele overeenkomsten tussen de verschillende gebieden in Zuidoost-Azië, waaronder een relatief autonome positie van de vrouw. Vroege invloeden uit India droegen bij aan de ontwikkeling van de eerste koninkrijken en de bouw van de grootste religieuze bouwwerken ter wereld: Borobudur en Angkor Wat. Alle grote wereldreligies vonden aanhang in de regio en mengden zich met lokale geloofsvoorstellingen. Koloniale overheersing door Britten, Fransen, Nederlanders en Amerikanen vormde een gedeelde ervaring, net als de Japanse bezetting in de Tweede Wereldoorlog, de strijd om onafhankelijkheid en de invloed van de hete Koude Oorlog die in Zuidoost-Azië zeven miljoen slachtoffers eiste. De opkomst van autoritaire regimes en neoliberale economische invloeden en de recente processen van democratisering completeren de gedeelde geschiedenis van het gebied. Een belangrijk thema in 'Een geschiedenis van Zuidoost-Azië' is de trage vorming van staten, uitmondend in de huidige natiestaten. Daarnaast is er in de geschiedenis van Zuidoost-Azië altijd sprake geweest van intensief contact met de buitenwereld. De interactie tussen mondiale ontwikkelingen en lokale dynamiek vormde de motor van de geschiedenis van Zuidoost-Azië. Arm en rijk David Landes 2013-02-21 Het antwoord op de fundamentele vraag naar het waarom van de grote verschillen tussen arm en rijk in de wereld. In deze internationale bestseller geeft David Landes op heldere wijze antwoord op de fundamentele vraag naar het waarom van de grote verschillen tussen arm en rijk in de wereld. David Landes beschrijft hoe Europa 's mars naar welvaart en ontwikkeling is begonnen. Hij laat zien dat China en de islamitische wereld ooit voorlagen, maar dat de beslissende doorbraak naar welvaart uitbleef. `Het is zijn aanpak die Arm en Rijk tot een waardevol, zelfs onmisbaar boek maakt. - NRC Handelsblad David S. Landes is emeritus hoogleraar geschiedenis en economie aan Harvard University.

The Cambridge World History: Volume 6, The Construction of a Global World, 1400-1800 CE, Part 1, Foundations Jerry H. Bentley 2017-11-09 The era from 1400 to 1800 saw intense biological, commercial, and cultural exchanges, and the creation of global connections on an unprecedented scale. Divided into two books, Volume 6 of the Cambridge World History series considers these critical transformations. The first book examines the material and political foundations of the era, including global considerations of the environment, disease, technology, and cities, along with regional studies of empires in the eastern and western hemispheres, crossroads areas such as the Indian Ocean, Central Asia, and the Caribbean, and sites of competition and conflict, including Southeast Asia, Africa, and the Mediterranean. The second book focuses on patterns of change, examining the expansion of Christianity and Islam, migrations, warfare, and other topics on a global scale, and offering insightful detailed analyses of the Columbian exchange, slavery, silver, trade, entrepreneurs, Asian religions, legal encounters, plantation economies, early industrialism, and the writing of history.

European Commercial Expansion in Early Modern Asia Om Prakash 2020-04-28 Regular commercial contacts between Europe and Asia date back to at least the early years of the Christian era, but the pattern of trade underwent a structural modification following the Portuguese discovery of a route to the East Indies via the Cape of Good Hope. This volume illustrates the consequences of the arrival of large numbers of Europeans in the East. Europeans both participated in, modified and exploited existing trade relationships in the Indian Ocean and the Pacific. The studies reprinted here show how some environments, such as Japan, were hostile, whilst most states welcomed the European commercial contact. The necessity for Europeans to pay for Asian goods using precious metals is emphasised by the inclusion of articles in monetary transfers in Asian trade, a phenomenon which provides a link between economic developments in the Americas and those in Asia from the 16th century onwards.

European Commercial Enterprise in Pre-Colonial India Om Prakash 1998-06-28 This book considers the impact of European trade on the pre-modern Indian economy.

The Routledge History of Western Empires Robert Aldrich 2013-12-04 The Routledge History of Western Empires is an all new volume focusing on the history of Western Empires in a comparative and thematic perspective. Comprising of thirty-three original chapters arranged in eight thematic sections, the book explores European overseas expansion from the Age of Discovery to the Age of Decolonisation. Studies by both well-known historians and new scholars offer fresh, accessible perspectives on a multitude of themes ranging from colonialism in the Arctic to the scramble for the coral sea, from attitudes to the environment in the East Indies to plans for colonial settlement in Australasia. Chapters examine colonial attitudes towards poisonous animals and the history of colonial medicine, evangelisation in Africa and Oceania, colonial recreation in the tropics and the tragedy of the slave trade. The Routledge History of Western Empires ranges over five centuries and crosses continents and oceans highlighting transnational and cross-cultural links in the imperial world and underscoring connections between colonial history and world history. Through lively and engaging case studies, contributors not only weigh in on historiographical debates on themes such as human rights, religion and empire, and the 'taproots' of imperialism, but also illustrate the various approaches to the writing of colonial history. A vital contribution to the field.

Improvising Empire Sanjay Subrahmanyam 1990 While the general outline of the history of Portuguese expansion in Asia is rather well-known, many areas that were hubs of trade and settlement have been only briefly

studied. One of the most conspicuous of those is the Bay of Bengal, where the Portuguese had an important official and unofficial presence in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. The product of extensive research in Indian, Portuguese, and Netherland archives, this collection of essays is the first substantial treatment of the Portuguese presence in the Bay of Bengal. The work of an economic historian, the volume offers important insight into the nature of early modern European expansion and imperialism, urban history, and colonial social history.

Medicine, Trade and Empire Palmira Fontes da Costa 2016-03-03 Garcia de Orta's Colloquies on the Simples and Drugs of India (1563) was one of the first books to take advantage of the close relationship between medicine, trade and empire in the early modern period. The book was printed in Goa, the capital of the Portuguese empire in the East, and the city where the author, a Portuguese physician of Jewish ancestry, lived for almost thirty years. It presents a vast array of medical information on various drugs, spices, plants, fruits and minerals native to India or adjoining territories. In addition, it includes information concerning indigenous methods of healing as well as a far-reaching assessment of ancient and modern authors on Asian materia medica. Orta's book had a market in Asia but was particularly valuable to a European audience. It soon attracted the attention of various European authors and printers by providing the basis for adaptations, commentaries and editions in various languages, prompting a successful and complex trail of medical knowledge in transit. Authored by an interdisciplinary team of prominent international scholars, the volume takes into account recent historiographical trends and provides a contextualized and innovative analysis of the histories and reception of the Colloquies. It emphasizes the value of the work to historians today as a symbol of the impact of geographical expansion and globalization in a sixteenth-century medical world.

The Portuguese Empire in Asia, 1500-1700 Sanjay Subrahmanyam 2012-04-30 Featuring updates and revisions that reflect recent historiography, this new edition of The Portuguese Empire in Asia 1500-1700 presents a comprehensive overview of Portuguese imperial history that considers Asian and European perspectives. Features an argument-driven history with a clear chronological structure Considers the latest developments in English, French, and Portuguese historiography Offers a balanced view in a divisive area of historical study Includes updated Glossary and Guide to Further Reading

Warfare at Sea, 1500-1650 Jan Glete 2000 Commencing in the late 15th century with the introduction of gunpowder in naval warfare and the rapid transformation of maritime trade, this book focuses on the scope and limitations of war before the 18th century.

Transcending Mission Michael W. Stroope 2017-03-16 Today the language of mission is in disarray. Where do the language and idea of 'mission' come from? Do they truly have precedence in the early centuries of the church? Michael Stroope investigates these questions and shows how the language of mission is a modern phenomenon that shaped a 'grand narrative' of mission. He then offers a way forward. Prologue Acknowledgements Introduction: the enigma of mission Part 1: Justifying mission 1. Partisans and apologists 2. Reading Scripture as mission 3. Presenting history as mission 4. Rhetoric and trope Part 2: Innovating mission 5. Holy conquest 6. Latin occupation 7. Mission vow 8. Ignatian mission Part 3: Revising mission 9. Protestant reception 10. Missionary problems Epilogue: towards pilgrim witness Works cited