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World Mapping Today Bob Parry 2000-01-01

The Impact of Oil on a Developing Country Augustine A. Ikein 1990 This study provides a comprehensive and balanced analysis of the impact of the oil industry on a particular developing country--Nigeria--over a period of 32 years. Ikein uses a multidimensional approach that enables him to identify the linkage between the performance of the oil industry and the pattern of Nigeria's national and regional development. Through an in-depth examination of the various socioeconomic factors thought to influence the social well-being of a group of people, he explores whether and how the Nigerian people have been helped by the supposed benefits of oil on their economy, challenging those who see benefits in purely economic terms

Guests of God Robert R. Bianchi 2004-09-09 While the hajj is first and foremost a religious festival, it is also very much a political event. Every large Muslim state has developed a comprehensive hajj policy and a powerful bureaucracy to enforce it. This work argues, no secular or religious authority - national or international - can really control the hajj.

Federalism in Nigeria S. Egite Oyovbaire 1985-01-01

The Trouble with Nigeria Chinua Achebe 1984 "The trouble with Nigeria is simply and squarely a failure of leadership," concludes internationally acclaimed writer Chinua Achebe. In this book Achebe broke his silence about the 1983 Nigerian elections. The style and wit in part cover his deep despair over the direction of change in his home country.

For Women and the Nation Cheryl Johnson-Odim 1997 Funmilayo Ransome-Kuti was a Nigerian activist who fought for suffrage and equal rights for her countrywomen long before the second wave of the women's movement in the United States. Her involvement in international women's organizations led her to travel the world in the period following World War II. She championed the causes of the poor and downtrodden of both sexes as she joined the anticolonial movement struggling for Nigeria's independence. For Women and the Nation is the story of this courageous woman. One of a handful of full-length biographies of African women, let alone of African women activists, it will be welcomed by students of women's studies, African history, and biography, as well as by those interested in exploring the historical background of Nigeria.

Doing Justice Without the State O. Oko Elechi 2006 Publisher Description

Development Planning and Decolonization in Nigeria Toyin Falola 1996 "Brilliantly executed from start to finish. . . . Elegantly written, [this book] represents a substantial advance in our knowledge of the colonial administration (often called the 'colonial state') and economy after the Second World War. . . . Makes a significant contribution to scholarship in economic history in general, and on African development planning in particular. . . . The conclusion is brilliant, controversial, yet persuasive."--A. G. Adebayo, Kennesaw State College "There is no comparable book, not just with respect to Nigeria, but indeed the entire West African subregion. . . . It is a significant work, carefully constructed without ideological encumbrances. Provocative in many parts and fascinating to read, [it] is bound to have a lasting impact on the understanding of the colonial economy in the post-World War II era."--Don C. Ohadike, Cornell University By the time Nigeria attained independence from Great Britain in 1960, colonial development planning had profoundly shaped the way Nigerians thought about the role of the state and about the way to implement development policies. This major work links the colonial and postcolonial development processes, uncovering the historical roots of the contemporary crisis in Nigeria and its intractable problem of poverty. The book analyzes the origins of planning and the impact of development schemes on Nigeria from 1940 to 1960. Using the methods of economic history and based primarily on official documents from Britain, the United States, and three archives in Nigeria, it examines the conflict generated by the first colonial development plans and the details of the Ten Year Plan of 1946-55. The author distributes the responsibility--and the blame--for poor planning between the British colonial powers, who sought minimal goals, and the Nigerian elite, who had big aspirations. Told for the first time by a native African scholar, this story of development planning shows clearly where Nigeria went adrift in its transformation from a "traditional" society to a "modern" one, and calls into question theoretical and ideological foundations of development planning throughout Africa. Toyin Falola is professor of African history at the University of Texas at Austin. He is the author or editor of 15 books, including *Modern Nigeria*; *Pawnship in Africa: Debt Bondage in Historical Perspective*; *Nigeria and Britain*; and *The Religious Impact on the Nation State*. He is the joint editor of the *Journal of African Economic History* and the associate editor of *Environment and History*.

Violence in Nigeria Toyin Falola 1998 Violence in Nigeria is the most comprehensive study of religious violence and aggression in Nigeria, notably its causes, consequences, and the options for conflict resolution. After an analysis of the links between religion and politics, the book elaborates on all the major cases of violence in the 1980s and 90s, including the Maitatsine, Kano, Bauchi, Kaduna, and Katsina riots. Zones of religious tensions are identified, as well as general characteristics of violence in Nigeria; and issues in inter and intra-religious relations, religious organizations, and the states, and the main actors in the conflicts are explored in great detail. A product of extensive primary research, Violence in Nigeria makes a contribution to contemporary social and political history that no previous study has attempted, and it is written to appeal to specialists and non-specialists alike.

Islam in the Niger Delta 1890-2017 Egodi Uchendu 2020-08-10 The series Studies on Modern Orient provides an overview of religious, political and social phenomena in modern and contemporary Muslim societies. The volumes do not only take into account Near and Middle Eastern countries, but also explore Islam and Muslim culture in other regions of the world, for example, in Europe and the US. The series Studies on Modern Orient was founded in 2010 by Klaus Schwarz Verlag.

Information and Communication Technologies in Nigeria Patience Idaraesit Akpan-Obong 2009 In recent years, information and communication technologies (ICTs) have been linked with socioeconomic development with the assumption that they can be harnessed for economic growth in developing countries and facilitate integration into the global information society. However, very few studies in the ICT-for-development field examine the direct connections between ICTs and socioeconomic growth. Information and Communication Technologies in Nigeria: Prospects and Challenges for Development is a compelling account of the development of ICTs in Nigeria. It examines the ICT policy framework and the societal context within which application of the technologies emerged and highlights the potentials of ICTs in socioeconomic development. However, this book also demonstrates, through interviews and case studies, that ICTs are not the panacea to underdevelopment; constraining factors in different countries can limit their capacity to succeed. The author employs a rare multidisciplinary approach that makes the book appealing and accessible to a diverse range of readership.

The Police in a Federal State Kemi Rotimi 2001 The author is a lecturer in history at Obafemi Awolowo University, Nigeria. While there has been much scholarly study of the Nigeria Police Force controlled by the Federal Government, this is the first comprehensive study of the origins, development, organisation, role and demise of the Native Authority/Local Government Police Forces in Nigeria. It clarifies many of the grey areas about their history and essence, and informs the current debate about who should own and control the police in a federal state. From early in colonial times the armed Nigeria Police Force operated nationally; whilst the Native Authority/Local Government Police Forces also operated in the Northern and Western Regions. They were abolished on the advent of military rule in 1966. The author believes that the principle of federalism should govern the owning and control of the police in a democratic, federal nation. But crucially he illustrates how ignorance of the true history of the local police forces has clouded the debate about the desirability, or otherwise, of liberalising the control of the police in a democratic, federal state like Nigeria in the 21st century.

Colonial Systems of Control Viviane Saleh-Hanna 2008 A pioneering study of prisons in West Africa. Personal accounts by prisoners of Kirikiri maximum security prison present the realities of imprisonment in Nigeria while chapters by scholars and activists contextualize the colonial legacies that have created systemic human rights violations.

Inside Aso Rock Orji Ogonnaya Orji 2003 The author served as Radio Nigeria State House correspondent in Aso Rock from 1993-2000. During that period, five different Heads of State presided over Nigeria - three military, and two civilian. He accompanied the leaders to all major events within and outside Nigeria, and this book is his diary on people and events during that period. The book gives an insight into the stories behind the headlines. It does not aim to make

comparisons of any kind; but rather to document the author's experiences as a historical record from the inside.

Community Radio and Its Influence in the Society Joseph Okechukwu Offor 2002 The indispensability of radio as efficient and effective means of communication in today's African society is indisputable. However, for this medium to be useful in Africa or Enugu State--Nigeria, it has to be changed from being a means of transmitting to people but also of receiving from them. It has to be a radio that allows rural listeners not only to hear but should also be the people's parliament, where the voice of the people can be heard. The author explores the development of community radio in different parts of Africa with particular reference to Enugu State, Nigeria. He proposes that "community radio" is a desideratum for genuine development to take place in Enugu State.

Joseph Okechukwu Offor is a catholic priest of the Enugu diocese in Nigeria. He studied philosophy and theology in Rome and Frankfurt am Main, where he completed his doctoral thesis. He currently works at the "Domradio" in Cologne which belongs to the arch-diocese of Cologne, Germany.

Investment Prospects of Nigeria A. J. WRIGHT 2020-10-18 If you're looking to invest, or if you're looking for a detailed and well-researched compilation of investment opportunities in Nigeria, you will find this book very helpful. I prepared the book with the help of the Nigeria Governors' Forum, National Bureau of Statistics, World Bank, Nigerian State Government, Nigeria Governors' Forum, and the Labor force. Lots Of Amazing Nigerian Business Opportunities In One Book! It captures the competitive advantages and the key investment prospects being promoted by each of the Nigeria's 36 States and the Federal Capital Territory (FCT). The book helps investors better appreciate the investment potentials across the whole of Nigeria.

Uses of Hindsight as Foresight Ebiegberi Joe Alagoa 2004 This collection of papers documents efforts to harness oral historical sources and academic study of the past for public education and understanding of the present. It is concerned with learning from history: the relevance of looking back for contributory answers to contemporary questions. The study has particular regard for the history and current situation of the Niger Delta, offering a view of Nigeria's history from a marginal position. Contents: the Ijaw and the Niger Delta in Nigerian history; Cross River State in historical focus; FESTAC remembered: cultural tolerance in the Nigerian nation; the western Niger Delta: origins and relations; history and policy in the Niger Delta crisis; Izon: the historical perspective; peace making and conflict resolution in Nigeria: a historical perspective; an internal cultural route to peace in the Niger Delta; Niger Delta youth: taking control; and the future in Nigerian discourse. The author was Professor of History at the University of Port Harcourt. Now Pro-Chancellor of the new Niger Delta University, he is still active in research and writing.

Universal Primary Education in Nigeria Mark Bray 1981-01-01 Cet ouvrage décrit le programme d'enseignement primaire universel, (UPE) mis en oeuvre au Nigéria à partir de 1976, en se référant plus particulièrement à l'état de Kans ; il le replace dans le contexte du développement de l'enseignement et dans celui des structures politiques, économiques et sociales et expose ses mérites, ses défauts, et les problèmes soulevés.

Class and State in Nigeria Eme Ekeke 1986

Nigeria and the Nation-State John Campbell 2020-11-16 Nigeria, despite being the African country of greatest strategic importance to the United States, remains poorly understood. Leading expert John Campbell explains why Nigeria, projected to have the world's third-highest population by 2050, is so important to understand in a world of jihadi extremism, corruption, oil conflict, and communal violence.

Nigeria-United States Relations Smart Uhakheme 2008 This study centers on Nigeria-United States relations, focusing on both countries' perspectives on political change in Africa in the waning years of decolonization. It is strongly premised on the assumption that international politics are generally a mix of conflicting and cooperative relationships. It is in this context that Nigeria-United States Relations examines Nigeria-United States perspectives, and those positions taken by both countries on the issue of political change in Africa. Professor Smart Uhakheme derives his arguments by using Angola, Zimbabwe, Namibia, and South Africa as case studies. Nigeria accounts for 12 percent of United States oil imports, making it the third largest oil supplier to the United States, surpassing Venezuela and Saudi Arabia. On the whole, Nigeria-United States relations during the period under study were marked by disagreements and cooperation. Professor Uhakheme's investigation provides a thorough understanding and discussion of the importance of these delicately balanced relationships.

Human Resources Training and Development for the Civil Service in Nigeria Akpomuvire Mukoro 2007

The Burden of Memory, the Muse of Forgiveness Wole Soyinka 1999 Awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1986, the author presents a sequel to his critical account of Nigerian politics--The Open Sore of a Continent--that considers the prospects for reconciliation between oppressors and victims in Africa today. UP.

Mass Media, People, and Politics in Nigeria Luke Uka Uche 1989 This Study Brings To The Fore The Precarious Predicament Of The Mass Media Of A Country Whose Political Culture Is Characterised By Divergent And Powerful Interest Groups With Insatiable Political And Economic Demands On The Larger Political Entity. It Demonstrates How Nigeria'S Development As A Nation State Has Similarly Influenced The Way And Manner Of The Organisation, Administration And Contents Of Her Mass Media Systems.

Nigeria Ruby Bell-Gam 1999 Annotation. Offers annotated references to some 800 recent publications on this African country, in sections on economy, ethnic groups, mass media, religion, banking, and science and technology. Includes a chronology, and an introductory essay providing background on Nigeria's history and contemporary issues. This revised bibliography updates the first edition, which was published in 1989. Annotation copyrighted by Book News, Inc., Portland, OR.

State Water Agencies in Nigeria Berta Macheve 2015-09-11 Investments on the order of US\$6 billion are estimated to be needed in the water sector in Nigeria in the next 10 years if the country is to achieve universal water supply coverage. This is the main finding of State Water Agencies in Nigeria: A Performance Assessment, in which the objective is to provide the government of Nigeria with a structured and coherent quantitative snapshot of the state of its urban water sector. The report focuses on water provision services from the States' Water Authorities or Water Boards (SWAs) as they are the major and only regulated agencies that provide water to the urban population. Sanitation provision is not addressed because the majority of SWAs do not provide this service to their customers. This report highlights the issues related to the performance of SWAs, tariffs levels and structures, financing mechanisms, and concerns with governance within the SWA and state governments. For example, due to accelerated urbanization and migration of the population to the large cities, the average coverage by SWAs is about 40 percent, and the average domestic water consumption was 26 liters per capita per day in 2013, well below the recommended average. The remaining majority of the population relies on alternative service providers. To the extent possible, the report also shows the impact of these institutional weaknesses on customers' costs, fiscal subsidies to the sector, and financing requirements that are needed to scale up the investment and showcase that the related operational and maintenance expenditure of the SWAs can actually be covered from the various financing sources. In fact, the coping costs of the population getting water from alternative water providers is assessed at US\$700 million a year, and this number is growing. In addition, utilities get about US\$100 million in operational subsidies that cover labor, electricity, and other operational costs. State Water Agencies in Nigeria: A Performance Assessment provides the government of Nigeria with a structured and coherent quantitative snapshot of the state of its urban water sector. Ultimately, this report is a first step toward performance benchmarking in Nigeria's water and sanitation sector. The findings summarized in this publication should eventually serve as a tool for utilities and their authorities and stakeholders, as well as for bilateral and multilateral donors in their efforts to monitor the performance and progress of each water provider and the sector as a whole.

The UK-Nigeria Remittance Corridor Raúl Hernández-Coss 2007-01-01 This study is the first research work on remittances conducted in Nigeria and reveals the actual state of its remittance market. The report describes how United Kingdom residents of Nigerian origin transfer remittances home and how the funds are distributed to their beneficiaries in Nigeria. The review presents the remittance industry conditions existing in the UK-Nigeria remittance corridor at the origination and distribution stages of the transactions, and the intermediaries who facilitate the transfers. The report makes conclusions and compares these main findings with lessons from other corridors. The UK-Nigeria remittance corridor has an equal dominance of formal and informal remittance intermediaries. Although several formal financial institutions for transferring money exist in the UK, many people choose to send money informally. More collaboration between the UK and Nigeria is necessary to develop the remittance market, to encourage the use of formal channels, and to enhance the development potential. Among its benefits, the remittance country partnership (RCP) between UK and Nigeria aims to reduce the cost of remittance transfers. The Nigerian government is engaging its diaspora to help spur economic growth. This report recommends that each government focus on improving data collection at its end of the corridor and do more research to provide its policymakers and its private sector with accurate information.

Historical Dictionary of Nigeria A. Oyewole 2000 The history of Nigeria has often been difficult to follow. Politically, the country passed through several democratic phases that were interrupted by regimes controlled by the military. Internally, regions and states have been sporadically created and divided to counteract ethnic or other tensions existing between the peoples of this densely populated African nation. This historical dictionary of Nigeria serves as a guide for the person interested in sorting out the political, economic and social history of this variegated nation. Updated for the 1990s, this second edition expands on information previously researched. It includes a chronology and a new bibliography by Thomas Ofcansky, highlighting books and articles published in Nigeria about the country's security affairs.

Nigeria's Defence and National Security Linkages Thomas A. Imobighe 2003 Defence and national security in Africa are relatively neglected areas of study, especially by Nigerian scholars, although research in these areas appears to be on the increase in some Nigerian universities. This study aims to make

available the analytical tools and necessary criteria to enable reliable judgements about the state of the country's security and to identify the weaknesses. The book is organised into four main sections: internal security linkages, external linkages, the enforcement linkages and the defence component.

Ethnicity and Development in Nigeria Okwudiba Nnoli 1995 Part of the Research in Ethnic Relations series, this study provides a comprehensive overview of the ethnicity and development in 20th-century Nigeria.

Ethnic and Cultural Diversity in Nigeria Marcellina Ulunma Okehie-Offoha 1996 The essays in this book bring together for the first time a discussion on the multicultural and ethnolinguistic groupings of Nigeria. By employing historical and sociological perspectives, each chapter provides an account of the origin, beliefs, and important ceremonial and traditional practices of each group. Readers will learn the vibrant social peculiarities that have shaped patriarchal Nigeria. The ethnic groups covered are the Efik/ Ibibio, Fulani, Hausa, Igbo, Nupe, Tiv, and Yoruba.

Monthly Catalog of United States Government Publications 1979

Out of Nigeria J.L. Brandler 1993-12-31 This book offers an account of Nigeria's development from a colonial dependency to an independent state. It tells the story of a country with immense mineral wealth and abundant natural resources embarking on the long and arduous journey towards political, social and economic transformation. This development is seen through the eyes of a sympathetic, but acute and critical observer who ran a major international timber exporting company in Nigeria, the Cameroons and Liberia. Brandler provides a picture of modern Nigerian life and of the personalities he encountered politicians, lawyers, businessmen, traditional chiefs and many ordinary Nigerians who form the backdrop to the story. There are accounts of political struggles and the social, economic, cultural and ethnic problems that have made up Nigeria's history - including the civil war.

Nigeria William Thomas Wilson Morgan 1983

Education and Cultural Change in Northern Nigeria, 1906-1966 P. K. Tibenderana 2003 Education and Cultural Change in Northern Nigeria 1906-1966, examines the effects of British educational policies on traditional northern Nigerian society. Fearing that a proper education would lead to active discontent in the colony, the British devised a limited form of schooling which was designed to produce just enough trained people to serve the colonial bureaucracy without stirring up dangerous Islamic ambitions. 'Western education on native lines' was the brainchild of successive governors and officials at the colonial office who apparently considered independence as a remote possibility, only achievable in the very distant future. Their short-sighted attitudes seriously hindered the economic development of the region, with consequences that are still recognisable today. In each chapter, Professor Tibenderana gives the background to the changing educational structures together with details of the different levels of education provided.

Nigeria, Biafra, and Boko Haram: Ending the Genocides Through Multistate Solution Osita Ebiem 2014-03-17 Since the unification of Southern and Northern Nigeria in 1914, the country has been rife with violence, poverty, inequity, and corruption. For decades it has barely functioned, and even now Nigerians face adversity in the absence of a pragmatic solution... In his book, "Nigeria, Biafra, and Boko Haram: Ending the Genocides Through Multistate Solution", author Osita Ebiem fashions a compelling argument for finally partitioning Nigeria into distinct countries. Through the use of the multi-state solution and the principle of Self Determination, the widely diverse Nigerian ethnic identifications—Igbo, Yoruba, Hausa/Fulani—would be unimpeded in practicing their religious, cultural, and social differences and help initiate and accelerate growth, prosperity, end impunity and entrench sanity, law and order in the various emerging new countries.. With detailed precision, Ebiem explores the annals of Nigerian history and explains in clear terms the evolution of a country forced together by European commercial interests. The portrait of an utterly disastrous One Nigeria is often haunting and unbelievable; and though the country and its people have endured trauma beyond comprehension, Ebiem offers practical solutions, which can reroute Nigeria's path and ultimately begin the long process of healing.

International Maps and Atlases in Print Kenneth L. Winch 1976

Nigerian History, Politics and Affairs Adiele Eberchukwu Afigbo 2005 These essays attempt to focus the light of history, on Nigeria, Nigerians and their contemporary, condition. The root idea here is that fundamental, to all historical works - that when the mind, interacts with the past, the result is something, like a torchlight whose beam is focused on the, present, thus enabling us to achieve a better, understanding of the problems which face us.. Afigbo has probed deep into Nigeria's past bringing out all the facets, all the elements and, all the issues that are necessary to improve the, present.

Boko Haram's Terrorism and the Nigerian State Olumuyiwa Temitope Faluyi 2019-03-08 This book assesses the effectiveness of Nigeria's counterterrorist policies against Boko Haram. It takes a critical review of the interventionist strategies adopted by the Nigerian government, highlights the motivations behind the choice of strategies, and proffers a deeper understanding of the factors responsible for the state's inability, thus far, to rid the country of terrorism. Specifically, it evaluates the NACTEST policy framework that guides the Nigerian state's counterterrorist strategies, which contains both hard and soft power approaches. Adopting historical and case study approaches which put the Nigerian state and occurrences of violent conflict in context, it takes cognizance of the politics of ethno-religious diversity which reinforce violent conflicts among groups and against the state, and reviews the socio-economic and political realities that led to the emergence and sustenance of Boko Haram. The volume concludes by suggesting practical policy options for combating Boko Haram and other similar armed insurrection. This book is appropriate for researchers and students interested in African politics, conflict, security, peace studies, terrorism, and counterterrorism, as well as policy makers and government departments dealing with terrorism and counterterrorism.

Power Practice U.S. and World Map Outlines Mapping Specialists 2004-09-01 This resource contains over 100 ready-to-use reproducible maps to provide students with hands-on geography practice. Use world, continent, country, and state maps to supplement and enhance your current area of study. Each map includes the land's area in square miles/kilometers, an inset to show the land's location, and a map scale. The maps for each of the 50 United States are perfect for state reports! Other features of this must-have resource include: a list of all countries and their capital cities in alphabetical order for easy reference; a list of the top ten largest countries, largest United States' cities, tallest mountains, longest rivers, most common languages, and largest world metropolitan areas.